of Alabama and to abolish the lease system and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof, approved September 23, 1919," be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows.

Section 8. That on and after January 1st, 1924 it shall be unlawful for any person to lease or let for hire any State convict to any person, firm or corporation, and any person, firm or corporation found guilty of a violation of this section shall be punished at the discretion of the jury by a fine not to exceed $5000.00 or by imprisonment for not more than five years. Nothing in this act shall prevent the Highway Department from working convicts on the public roads.

Approved October 29, 1921.

No. 23) (H. 26—Tompkins

AN ACT

To amend and revise Chapter 176 of the Code, which Chapter is entitled "Boycotting and Blacklisting."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Alabama:

That Chapter 176 of the Criminal Code of Alabama, entitled "Boycotting and Blacklisting," be amended and revised so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Two or more persons who, without a just cause or legal excuse for so doing, enter into any combination, conspiracy, agreement, arrangement, or understanding for the purpose of hindering, delaying, or preventing any other persons, firm, corporation, or association of persons from carrying on any lawful business shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 2. Any person or persons who, without a just cause or legal excuse therefor, go near to or loiter about the premises or place of business of any other person, firm, corporation, or association of people, engaged in a lawful business, for the purpose, or with the intent of influencing, or inducing other persons not to trade with, buy from, sell to, have business dealings with, or be employed by such persons, firm, corporation, or association, or who picket the works or place of business of such other persons, firms, corporations, or associations of persons, for the purposes of hindering, delaying, or interfering with, or injuring any lawful business or enterprise of another, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; but nothing herein shall prevent any person from soliciting trade or business for a competitive business.

Section 3. Any person, firm, corporation, or association of persons who prints or circulates any notice of boycott, boycott cards, stickers, dodgers, or unfair lists, publishing or declaring
that a boycott or ban exists or has existed or is contemplated against any person, firm, corporation, or association of persons doing a lawful business, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 4. Any person, firm, corporation, or association of persons who uses force, threats, intimidation, or other unlawful means to prevent any other person, firm, corporation, or association of persons from engaging in any lawful occupation or business shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 5. Any person, firm, corporation, or association of persons who maintains what is commonly called a blacklist or notifies any other person, firm, corporation, or association that any person has been blacklisted by such person, firm, corporation, or association; or who uses any other similar means to prevent any person from receiving employment from whomsoever he desires to be employed by shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 6. Any person, firm, corporation or association of persons who without a just cause or legal excuse willfully or wantonly does any act with the intent, or with reason to believe that such act will injure, interfere with, hinder, delay, or obstruct any lawful business or enterprise in which persons are employed for wages; or who shall willfully or wantonly injure, destroy, attempt to destroy, or threaten to injure or destroy any property of another; or who shall willfully or wantonly derange, or attempt, or threaten to derange any mechanics, appliances, or devices, of another used in any lawful business or enterprise, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 7. Any person, firm, corporation or association of persons who without a just cause or legal excuse, but with the intent to supplant, nullify, or impair, the owner's, operator's or manager's control of any lawful business, or enterprise, or who without just cause or legal excuse, shall take, retain, attempt or threaten to take, or retain, possession or control of any property of another or any instrumentality used in any lawful business or enterprise of another shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 8. Any person, firm, corporation or association of persons, who, without a just cause or legal excuse shall advise, encourage, or teach the necessity, duty, propriety, or expediency of doing or practicing any of the acts or things made unlawful by this act; or who print, publish, audit, issue, or knowingly circulate, distribute, or display any book, pamphlet, paper, handbill, document, or written or printed matter of any form advertising, advising, teaching, or encouraging such necessity, duty, propriety, or expediency of violating or disregarding any of the provisions of this act; or who organizes or helps to organize, gives aid or comfort to, or becomes a member of any group of persons formed to advocate, advise, or teach the necessity, duty, propriety, or expediency of violating or disregarding any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
Section 9. Any person, firm, corporation, or association of persons violating any of the preceding sections or provisions of this act shall on conviction be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100.00) or more than one thousand ($1,000.00), and may also be imprisoned in the county jail or sentenced to hard labor for the county for not more than 6 months for the first conviction at the discretion of the court or judge trying the case; and on the second and every subsequent conviction in addition to the fine which may be imposed, the convicted party shall be sentenced to hard labor for not less than three months nor more than 6 months to be fixed by the judge or court trying the case.

Section 10. The provisions of this act shall take effect immediately upon its approval by the Governor.

Approved October 29, 1921:

No. 25) (H. 71—Fuller

AN ACT

To repeal Section 20 of the Act of the Legislature of Alabama approved September 25, 1915, and entitled “An Act to further prescribe and regulate the qualifications, number, designation, duties, and powers of the circuit judges of the State, and to provide for their election and appointment.”

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Alabama:

Section 1. That Section 20 of the Act of the Legislature of Alabama, approved September 25, 1915, and entitled “An Act to further prescribe and regulate the qualifications, number, designation, duties, and powers of the circuit judges of the State, and to provide for their election and appointment” be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. This Act shall take effect upon its approval by the Governor.

Approved November 1, 1921.

No. 26) (H. 52—Ellis

AN ACT

For the relief of Rev. J. M. Johnson of Eclectic, Alabama, and to appropriate and pay to him the sum of $280.00 for services rendered as a Preacher of the Gospel at the State Penitentiary at Wetumpka, Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Alabama:

Section One. That the sum of $280.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury of Ala-